

Package: Rceattle (via r-universe)

June 10, 2026

Title Fits the Multispecies Assessment Model (CEATTLE) Using TMB

Version 4.5.0

Description Implements the CEATTLE model using Template Model Builder ("TMB"; Kristensen et al. 2015), which can be installed following <https://github.com/kaskr/adcomp/wiki/Download>. Structured similar to the original manuscript in terms of modularization. Separate functions estimate retrospective temperature- and size-specific predator rations, prey preference, and weight-at-age. These are then used as inputs to the CEATTLE model to evaluate how predation mortality, recruitment, and survival of three target species change under historical climate conditions and harvest rates.

URL <https://grantdadams.github.io/Rceattle/>,
<https://github.com/grantdadams/Rceattle>

BugReports <https://github.com/grantdadams/Rceattle/issues>

License GPL (>= 2)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

LazyDataCompression xz

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

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Imports dplyr, ggplot2, MASS, oce, readxl, TMB (>= 1.7.16), writexl, reshape2, gplots, parallel, tidyr, R.utils, stats, graphics, grDevices, cowplot, rlang, plyr, tidysselect, magrittr

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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adjust_map_shared_params

Helper to adjust map for shared catchability/selectivity indices

Description

Enforces parameter sharing by mapping parameters for fleets with a common Selectivity_index or Q_index to the same value as the initial index.

Usage

```
adjust_map_shared_params(map_list, data_list)
```

Arguments

map_list	The current TMB map list.
data_list	The data list containing model settings.

Value

Updated map_list.

as.data.frame.Rceattle

Tidy long-format derived quantities from an Rceattle fit

Description

Returns the model's derived population quantities in long form so that custom plots and post-processing don't have to walk the deeply nested quantities list or inherit the dimnames decisions in `rename_output()`. Two shapes are flattened into one tidy frame: species-by-year quantities (e.g. biomass, ssb, R, F_spp) and species-by-sex-by-age-by-year quantities (e.g. N_at_age, biomass_at_age, M_at_age). For the species-level shapes, sex and age are returned as NA. Cells of the 4D arrays that are padded out to $\max(\text{nsex}) / \max(\text{nages})$ for species with fewer sexes or ages are dropped.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
as.data.frame(
  x,
  row.names = NULL,
  optional = FALSE,
  which = c("biomass", "ssb", "R", "biomass_depletion", "ssb_depletion", "F_spp"),
  ci_level = 0.95,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
row.names, optional	Ignored; present for the <code>as.data.frame()</code> generic.
which	Character vector of quantity names to extract, or "all" for every quantity with a known shape. Defaults to a common population-level summary. See <code>names(Rceattle:::RCEATTLE_QUANTITIES)</code> for the full list.
ci_level	Confidence level for lwr and upr. Default 0.95.
...	Currently unused.

Details

Standard errors (se) and confidence intervals (lwr, upr) are populated from the TMB `sdreport` for any quantity that was ADREPORT'd (currently biomass, ssb, R); other quantities and fits produced with `getsd = FALSE` get NA for se / lwr / upr. Set `ci_level` to widen or narrow the band.

Value

A data.frame with columns year, species, sex, age, quantity, value, se, lwr, upr. species is the character species name from data_list\$spnames. Rows are sorted in the order which was given.

Atka2022	<i>Data inputs for Atka mackerel CEATTLE model (2022)</i>
----------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Aleutian Islands Atka mackerel data through 2022. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

Atka2022

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

BS2017MS	<i>Data inputs for multispecies CEATTLE of the Bering Sea from 1979 to 2017</i>
----------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for the three-species (walleye pollock, Pacific cod, arrowtooth flounder) multispecies CEATTLE model for the Eastern Bering Sea. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

BS2017MS

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

BS2017SS

*Data inputs for single species CEATTLE of the Bering Sea from 1979 to 2017***Description**

A dataset containing the inputs used for CEATTLE

Usage

BS2017SS

Format

Control

nspp Number of species included in CEATTLE

styr Start year of the hindcast

endyr End year of the hindcast

projyr End year of the forecast

nsex Number of sexes to model in the population (1 = combined/1sex, 2 = models both female/male)

spawn_month Spawning month of the population to adjust the numbers spawning

R_sexr Percent of recruitment that is female (ignored if nsex = 1)

nages Number of ages of each species included in the hindcast

minage Minimum age for each population (i.e. does recruitment correspond to age 0, 1, 2?)

nlengths Number of lengths of each species included in the hindcast

pop_wt_index Weight-at-age (weight) index to use for calculation of each species population derived quantities (SSB, Consumption/Ration, Suitability, etc)

ssb_wt_index Weight-at-age (weight) index to use for calculation of each species spawning biomass

pop_age_transition_index Age transition matrix (e.g. growth trajectory) index to use for derived quantities of the population to convert age to length (also used in length-based predation estimation)

sigma_rec_prior Standard deviation to use for recruitment

other_food Other food in the ecosystem for each species

estDynamics Estimate or fix numbers-at-age: 0 = estimate dynamics, 1 = use input numbers-at-age in NbyageFixed, 2 = multiply input numbers-at-age (NbyageFixed) by a single scaling coefficient, 3 = multiply input numbers-at-age (NbyageFixed) by age specific scaling coefficient.

est_M1 Estimate residual (multi-species mode) or total natural mortality (single-species mode). 0 = use fixed natural mortality from M1_base, 1 = estimate sex- and age-invariant M1, 2 = sex-specific (two-sex model), age-invariant M1, 3 = estimate sex- and age-specific M1.

fleet_control Survey and fishery data specifications

index_data Survey index in weight (kg) or numbers data

- catch_data** Total catch in weight (kg) or numbers data
- comp_data** Survey/fishery age or length composition data. Note if sex is 3, put female composition data then male composition data (similar to SS).
- emp_sel** Empirical/fixed selectivity for surveys and fisheries (leave empty if not used)
- age_trans_matrix** Age transition matrix (e.g. growth trajectory) used to convert age to length for length comp data. Can have multiple matrices for a species specified by Age_transition_index.
- age_error** Aging error matrices. Can have only one per species.
- weight** Weight-at-age (weight) to use for calculation of derived quantities (SSB, Consumption/Ration, Suitability, Total Catch, Survey Biomass, etc). Can have multiple weight-at-age data-sets for each species, but must be full for all years of the hindcast.
- maturity** Maturity-at-age for each species
- sex_ratio** Percent female at age for each species
- M1_base** Residual natural mortality for each species
- aLW** Parameters for weight-at-length power function for each species. . Used when estimating time-variant length-based gamma suitability (suitMode = 2) or time-variant length-based log-normal suitability (suitMode = 5)
- Ceq** Which bioenergetics equation to use for each species for ft to scale max consumption: 1 = Exponential (Stewart et al 1983), 2 = Temperature-dependence for warm-water species (Kitchell et al 1977; sensu Holsman et al 2015), 3 = temperature dependence for cool and cold-water species (Thornton and Lessem 1979)
- Cindex** Which environmental index in env_data to use to drive bioenergetics
- Pvalue** This scales the maximum consumption used for ration for each species; Pvalue is in $C_{max}/TP_{value} * ration_data$
- fday** Number of foraging days per year for each species
- CA** Intercept of allometric mass function for calculating maximum consumption: $CA * Weight^{CB}$
- CB** Slope of allometric mass function for calculating maximum consumption: $CA * Weight^{CB}$
- Qc** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- Tco** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- Tcm** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- Tel** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- CK1** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- CK4** Parameter for temperature scaling function of maximum consumption specified by Ceq
- env_data** Environmental indices such as bottom temperature data to incorporate into ration equation specified by Ceq and Cindex. Also used to drive catchability if Catchability = 5. Will use the mean for missing years. Temperature should be in celcius.
- ration_data** Annual relative foraging rate by age or input consumption at age. Multiplied by pvalue and fday to scale maximum consumption to the number of days in a year that foraging occurs.
- UobsAge** Stomach proportion by numbers for each predator, prey, predator age, prey age combination. Can also be year specific by including the column, "Year"

UobsWtAge Stomach proportion by weight for each predator, prey, predator age, prey age combination. Can also be year specific by including the column, "Year"

fleet_control: controls for survey and fisheries data

Fleet_name Name of survey or fishery

Fleet_code Index of survey/fishery ACROSS species

Fleet_type 0 or 'Off' = Do not estimate; 1 = 'Fishery'; 2 = 'Survey'

Species Species number

Selectivity_index index to use if selectivities of different surveys are to be the same

Selectivity Selectivity to use for the species: 0 = "Fixed"; 1 = "Logistic"; 2 = "NonParametric" sensu Ianelli et al 2018; 3 = "DoubleLogistic"; 4 = "DescendingLogistic"; 5 = "Hake" non-parametric sensu Taylor et al; 6 = "2DAR1"; 7 = "3DAR1" sensu Cheng et al 2024; 8 = "DoubleNormal" (Gaussian ascending and descending limbs blended at a common peak — similar to SS3 pattern 24). Parameters: $sel_inf[1]$ = peak bin/length; $sel_inf[2]$ = $\logit(\text{right_floor})$, right-tail floor analogous to SS3 P6/end_logit ($\logit=-10 \rightarrow$ dome-shaped, $\logit=+10 \rightarrow$ logistic ascending-only); $\log_sel_slp[1]$ = $\log(\text{sigma_ascending})$; $\log_sel_slp[2]$ = $\log(\text{sigma_descending})$. Supports the same time-varying modes as DoubleLogistic (IID, Block, RandomWalk).

Selectivity_dimension "Age" or "Length".

Nselages Number of ages to estimate non-parametric selectivity.

Time_varying_sel Whether a time-varying selectivity should be estimated for logistic, double logistic selectivity, or descending logistic. 0 = "Off", 1 = "IID" penalized deviates given sel_sd_prior or random effect, 2 = "AR1" (TODO), 3 = "Block" time blocks with no penalty, 4 = "RandomWalk" following Dorn, 5 = "RandomWalkAscending" on ascending portion of double logistic only.

Time_varying_sel_sd_prior The fixed or initial sd to use for time varying selectivity.

Bin_first_selected Age/length bin at which selectivity is non-zero

Accumulation_age_lower Ages below this will be grouped to this age for composition data. For example, if set to 2, comp data for age 2 will include 1 and 2 year olds.

Accumulation_age_upper Ages above this will be grouped to this age for composition data. For example, if set to 9 for a species with 10 ages, comp data for age 9 will include 9 and 10 year olds.

weight1_Numbers2 Is the observation in weight (kg) set as 1, if the observation is in numbers caught, set as 2

Weight_index Weight-at-age (weight) index to use for calculation of derived quantities

Age_transition_index Age transition matrix (e.g. growth trajectory) index to use for derived quantities to convert age to length

Q_index index to use if catchability coefficients are to be set the same

Catchability Estimate catchability? (0 or "Fixed" = fixed at prior; 1 or "Estimated" = Estimate single parameter; 2 or "Estimated-with-prior" = Estimate single parameter with prior; 3 or "Analytical" = Estimate analytical q from Ludwig and Walters 1994; - 4 = Estimate power equation; - 5 or "Environmental" = Linear equation $\log(q_y) = q_mu + \text{beta} * \text{index}_y$; 6 or "AR1" = annual AR1 catchability deviates are fit to environmental index sensu Rogers et al 2025)

- Q_prior** Starting value or fixed value for catchability
- Q_sd_prior** Variance of q prior: $\text{dnorm}(\log_q, \log_q_prior, q_sd_prior)$
- Time_varying_q** Whether a time-varying q should be estimated. 0 = "Off", 1 = "IID" penalized deviate or random effect, 2 = "AR1" (TODO), 3 = "Block" time blocks with no penalty; 4 = "RandomWalk" random walk from mean following Dorn 2018 ($\text{dnorm}(q_y - q_y-1, 0, \text{sigma})$). If Catchability = 5 or 6, this determines the environmental index to be used in the equation $\log(q_y) = q_mu + \text{beta} * \text{index_y}$
- Time_varying_q_sd_prior** The sd to use for the random walk of time varying q if set to 1
- Estimate_survey_sd** Estimate survey variance (0 = use CV from index_data, 1 = yes, 2 = analytically estimate following (Ludwig and Walters 1994)
- Survey_sd_prior** Starting value to be used if Estimate_sigma_index = 1
- Estimate_catch_sd** Estimate fishery variance (0 = use CV from index_data, 1 = yes, 2 = analytically estimate following (Ludwig and Walters 1994)
- Catch_sd_prior** Starting value to be used if Estimate_sigma_catch = 1
- Comp_weights** Composition weights to be used for multinomial likelihood. These are multiplied. After running model, these will update to McAllister & Ianelli 1997 weights using the harmonic mean.
- Catch_units** Units used for survey: 1 = kg; 2 = numbers
- proj_F_prop** The proportion of future fishing mortality assigned to this fleet
- Sex** sex codes: 0=combined; 1=use female only; 2=use male only; 3 = joint female and male

 build_bounds

Build parameter bounds

Description

Function to build parameter bounds based on Holsman et al 2015 and Kinzey and Punt 2010

Usage

```
build_bounds(param_list = NULL, data_list)
```

Arguments

param_list	Parameter list object built from build_params
data_list	a Rceattle data object

Value

List of upper and lower bounds

build_growth	<i>Specify the growth model for Rceattle</i>
--------------	--

Description

Specify the growth model for Rceattle

Usage

```
build_growth(fun = "empirical", growth_age_L1 = NA, linkages = NULL)
```

Arguments

fun	Growth function. Either a string (GROWTH_FUNS : "empirical" (default), "vonBertalanffy", "Richards") or the equivalent integer code (0, 1, 2). The canonical string form is stored on the returned object.
growth_age_L1	Von Bertalanffy / Richards anchor age (the age at which mean length equals L1). Matches SS3's Growth_Age_for_L1 control input. Scalar (recycled across species) or a length-nspv vector for per-species values. Default NA inherits data_list\$growth_age_L1 if supplied (e.g. from the SS3 converter), otherwise falls back to $\max(0.5, \text{minage}[\text{sp}])$ so minage ≥ 1 models stay backwards-compatible and minage = 0 models pick up an SS3-consistent half-year anchor.
linkages	Optional named list of <code>linkage_spec()</code> objects keyed by parameter name (must be one of GROWTH_LINKAGE_PARAMS). The mean-growth keys (K, L1, Linf, m) accept arbitrary one-sided formulas and produce year-varying offsets applied inside <code>growth.hpp</code> . The SD-endpoint keys (<code>sd_L1</code> , <code>sd_Linf</code>) only honor intercept-bearing formulas (typically ~ 1) – they thread <code>init</code> , <code>bounds</code> , and <code>priors</code> onto the underlying <code>growth_log_sd</code> parameter, giving the SDs the same prior/fix/initial-value contract as the mean parameters. Slope rows on SD specs raise a warning and have no effect; slope-only formulas ($\sim 0 + \text{temp}$) error. Materialization into the global linkage table happens inside <code>fit_mod()</code> once <code>data_list\$env_data</code> is in scope.

Value

A list of switches defining the growth model.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Sex-specific von Bertalanffy with temperature on K, by species + sex
build_growth(
  fun = "vonBertalanffy", # or fun = 1
  linkages = list(
    K = linkage_spec(
      formula = ~ temp,
      by      = ~ species + sex,
```

```

        priors = list(temp = normal(0, 1))
      )
    )
  )

## End(Not run)

```

 build_hcr

Specify the harvest control rule (HCR) used for Rceattle

Description

Defines the harvest control rule and associated reference points used in the Rceattle model.

Usage

```

build_hcr(
  HCR = 0,
  DynamicHCR = FALSE,
  Ftarget = 0.4,
  Flimit = 0.35,
  Ptarget = 0.4,
  Plimit = 0,
  Alpha = 0.05,
  Pstar = 0.45,
  Sigma = 0.5,
  Fmult = 1,
  HCRorder = 1
)

```

Arguments

HCR	Harvest control rule to use. Accepts an integer or equivalent string alias. Default = 0. See Details for the full list of available options.
DynamicHCR	TRUE/FALSE. Whether to use static or dynamic reference points (default = FALSE).
Ftarget	Target fishing mortality rate (yr ⁻¹) (SPR or depletion based) or input F for projections. For example, if Ftarget is spr F40%, enter 0.40.
Flimit	Limit fishing mortality rate (yr ⁻¹) (SPR or depletion based). For example, if Flimit is spr F35%, enter 0.35.
Ptarget	Target spawning-stock biomass as a percentage of static or dynamic spawning-stock-biomass at F = 0 (accounts for recruitment).
Plimit	Limit spawning-stock biomass as a percentage of static or dynamic spawning-stock-biomass at F = 0 (accounts for recruitment).
Alpha	Parameter used in NPFMC Tier 3 HCR.

Pstar	Quantile used for uncertainty buffer given Flimit and Sigma.
Sigma	Standard deviation used for normally distributed uncertainty buffer given Flimit and Pstar.
Fmult	Multiplier on the target F (default = 1). Used to scale the target fishing mortality following NEFSC convention.
HCRorder	For multi-species models, the order in which to project fishing (e.g., predators first, then prey).

Details

Harvest control rule formulations currently implemented in Rceattle:

hcr = 0 or "NoFishing": No catch. Estimate the hindcast.

hcr = 1 or "CMSY": CMSY. Maximize catch across all species simultaneously. CMSY can be constrained such that depletion does not fall below Plimit.

hcr = 2 or "ConstantF": Constant input F set at Ftarget for each species (vector or single F). SPR (single-species only) based Flimit is specified via Flimit.

hcr = 3 or "ConstantFSSB": F that achieves Ftarget% of SSB0 in the end of the projection.

hcr = 4 or "ConstantFSpr": Constant Fspr set at Ftarget for each species. Can be multiplied by Fmult following NEFSC.

hcr = 5 or "NPFMC": The North Pacific Fishery Management Council (NPFMC) Tier 3 spawner-per-recruit-based harvest control rule: Stock status: $SB > SBatFtarget$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit}$$

$$F_{use} = F_{target}$$

Stock status: $Alpha < SB/SBatFtarget \leq 1$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit} * (SB/Ptarget - Alpha)/(1 - Alpha)$$

$$F_{use} = F_{target} * (SB/Ptarget - Alpha)/(1 - Alpha)$$

Stock status: $SB/SBatFtarget \leq Alpha$ or $SB < Plimit * SB0$

$$F_{ofl} = 0$$

$$F_{use} = 0$$

hcr = 6 or "PFMC": An HCR based on the The Pacific Fishery Management Council (PFMC) category 1 40-10 annual catch limit (ABC) harvest control rule assuming Fofl is normally distributed with a standard deviation (sigma) = 0.5 and an uncertainty quantile buffer (P*) of 0.45 (PFMC 2020). The model uses Fspr if single-species or F that achieves X% of SSB0 for multi-species. Target biological reference points are calculated based on the normal cumulative distribution function (Phi(quantile,mean,standard deviation)), P*, and sigma as follows: Stock status: $SB > SB0 * Ptarget$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit}$$

$$F_{use} = Phi(Pstar, F_{limit}, Sigma)$$

Stock status: $SB0 * Plimit < SB \leq SB0 * Ptarget$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit}$$

$$F_{use} = Phi(Pstar, F_{limit}, Sigma) * \frac{SB0 * Ptarget * (SB - SB0 * Plimit)}{SB * SB0 * (Ptarget - Plimit)}$$

Stock status: $SB < SB0 * Plimit$

$$F_{ofl} = 0$$

$$F_{use} = 0$$

hcr = 7 or "SESSF": An HCR based on the The Southern and Eastern Scalefish and Shark Fishery (SESSF) spawner-per-recruit-based Tier 1 harvest control rule where $F_{Limit}=F_{(20\%)}$, $B_{Limit}=SB_{20}$, F_{Target} (AFMA 2017) calculated as follows: Stock status: $SB > SB0 * Ptarget$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit}$$

$$F_{use} = F_{target}$$

Stock status: $Ptarget > SB > SB0 * Plimit$

$$F_{ofl} = F_{limit} * (SB / (SB0 * Ptarget) - 1)$$

$$F_{use} = F_{target} * (SB / (SB0 * Ptarget) - 1)$$

Stock status: $SB < SB0 * Plimit$

$$F_{ofl} = 0$$

$$F_{use} = 0$$

NOTE: only HCRs 1, 2, 3, and 6 will work in multi-species mode.

Value

A list containing the harvest control rule and associated biological reference points.

build_hcr_map	<i>Function to construct the TMB map argument for CEATTLE for projecting under alternative harvest control rules</i>
---------------	--

Description

Reads a data list and map to update the map argument based on the HCR specified in [build_hcr](#)

Usage

```
build_hcr_map(
  data_list,
  map,
  debug = FALSE,
  all_params_on = FALSE,
  HCRiter = 1
)
```

Arguments

data_list	an Rceattle data_list
map	a map object created from <code>build_map</code> .
debug	logical. If TRUE, turns off all parameters for debugging (default = FALSE).
all_params_on	logical. If TRUE, leaves all hindcast parameters turned on (default = FALSE).
HCRiter	for multi-species models, the order in which to project fishing (e.g. predators first, then prey)

Value

a list of map arguments for each parameter

build_M1	<i>Define M1 specifications</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Define M1 specifications

Usage

```
build_M1(
  M1_model = 0,
  M1_re = 0,
  updateM1 = FALSE,
  M1_use_prior = FALSE,
  M2_use_prior = FALSE,
  M_prior = 0.4,
  M_prior_sd = 0.35,
  M1_indices = NA,
  linkages = NULL
)
```

Arguments

M1_model	<p>Vector or scalar specifying the M1 structural fixed- effects model. Either an integer code or the equivalent string alias (both forms are accepted; the integer code is canonical):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 / "fixed" – use the input M1_base (no estimation). • 1 / "sex_age_invariant" – estimate one M1_{spp}. • 2 / "sex_specific" – estimate M1_{spp, sex}. • 3 / "sex_age_specific" – estimate M1_{spp, sex, age}. • 4, 5 – soft-deprecated env-driven codes; use the linkages argument instead. See <code>vignette("environmental-linkages-and-priors")</code>.
----------	---

M1_re	Vector or scalar specifying the M1 random-effects model. Either an integer code or the equivalent string alias: 0 / "none", 1 / "iid_age", 2 / "iid_year", 3 / "iid_age_year", 4 / "ar1_age", 5 / "ar1_year", 6 / "ar1_age_year".
updateM1	If using initial parameters, use M1 fixed effects from data (M1_base) instead. Default FALSE.
M1_use_prior	Vector or scalar; if TRUE, apply the lognormal M_prior / M_prior_sd to M1 directly.
M2_use_prior	Vector or scalar; if TRUE, apply the lognormal prior to M1 + M2 in multi-species models.
M_prior	Mean (natural-scale) of the lognormal prior on M.
M_prior_sd	SD (log-scale) of the lognormal prior on M.
M1_indices	Soft-deprecated. Vector of column indices into env_data (excluding Year) for environmentally linked M1 when M1_model %in% c(4, 5). Use the linkages argument instead; see vignette("environmental-linkages-and-priors").
linkages	Optional named list of <code>linkage_spec()</code> objects keyed by M parameter name (currently the only valid key is "M1"). Each spec describes how M1 depends on environmental covariates and on stratifying factors (species, sex, age). The offset enters additively (on the log scale) inside the M1_at_age compute. A row's age_bin == NA broadcasts the offset across ages; specific values pin it to that age slice.

Value

A list of switches for defining the M1 model.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Sex/age-invariant M with a temperature linkage on M1
build_M1(
  M1_model = "sex_age_invariant",
  linkages = list(
    M1 = linkage_spec(
      formula = ~ temp,
      by      = ~ species,
      priors  = list(temp = normal(0, 0.5))
    )
  )
)
## End(Not run)
```

 build_map

Main function to construct the TMB map argument for CEATTLE

Description

Orchestrates the building of the TMB map object by calling specialized helper functions for each parameter block (Recruitment, M1, Predation, Selectivity, Catchability, etc.).

Usage

```
build_map(
  data_list,
  params,
  debug = FALSE,
  random_rec = FALSE,
  random_sel = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data_list	an Rceattle data_list
params	A parameter list created from build_params .
debug	Logical. If TRUE, sets all map values to NA except the dummy parameter, running the model without parameter estimation.
random_rec	Logical. If TRUE, treats recruitment deviations as random effects, meaning the variance parameter (R_log_sd) is estimated.
random_sel	Logical. If TRUE, treats selectivity deviations as random effects, meaning the variance parameter (sel_dev_log_sd) is estimated.

Value

A list containing the factorized TMB map (mapFactor) and the original map matrix/array list (mapList).

 build_map_catchability

Helper to set map for Catchability parameters

Description

Maps survey catchability base parameters (index_log_q), time-varying deviations (index_q_dev), and environmental linkages (index_q_beta, index_q_rho).

Usage

```
build_map_catchability(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind)
```

Arguments

map_list	The current TMB map list.
data_list	The data list containing model settings.
nyrs_hind	Number of historical years.

Value

Updated map_list.

build_map_debug	<i>Helper to set map for debug mode</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Sets all parameters in the map list to NA, except the dummy parameter, for use in debug or testing modes.

Usage

```
build_map_debug(map_list, debug)
```

Arguments

map_list	The current TMB map list.
debug	Logical. If TRUE, debug mode is activated.

Value

Updated map_list.

 build_map_f_and_data_weights

Helper to set map for Fishing Mortality and Data Weights

Description

Maps fishing mortality parameters (log_F) and related targets. Also maps data weighting parameters (catch_log_sd, comp_weights, caal_weights).

Usage

```
build_map_f_and_data_weights(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind)
```

Arguments

map_list	The current TMB map list.
data_list	The data list containing model settings.
nyrs_hind	Number of historical years.

Value

Updated map_list.

build_map_fixed_natage

Helper to set map for Fixed N-at-Age models

Description

Turns off (sets to NA) most population and fleet parameters for species where the dynamics are fixed (estDynamics > 0).

Usage

```
build_map_fixed_natage(map_list, data_list)
```

Arguments

map_list	The current TMB map list.
data_list	The data list containing model settings.

Value

Updated map_list.

build_map_growth *Helper to set map for growth parameters*

Description

Maps the fixed parameters (`log_growth_pars`) and the random effects parameters (`log_growth_par_devs`, `growth_dev_log_sd`, `growth_rho`) based on `growth_model` and `growth_re` settings.

Usage

```
build_map_growth(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind)
```

Arguments

<code>map_list</code>	The current TMB map list.
<code>data_list</code>	The data list containing model settings.
<code>nyrs_hind</code>	Number of historical years.

Value

Updated `map_list`.

build_map_m1 *Helper to set map for Natural Mortality (M1) parameters*

Description

Maps the fixed parameters (`log_M1`) and the random effects parameters (`log_M1_dev`, `M1_dev_log_sd`, `M1_rho`) based on `M1_model` and `M1_re` settings.

Usage

```
build_map_m1(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind)
```

Arguments

<code>map_list</code>	The current TMB map list.
<code>data_list</code>	The data list containing model settings.
<code>nyrs_hind</code>	Number of historical years.

Value

Updated `map_list`.

build_map_predation *Helper to set map for Predation Mortality (M2) parameters*

Description

Maps predation suitability parameters (`log_gam_a`, `log_gam_b`, `log_phi`) and diet weight parameters based on `msmMode` and `suitMode`.

Usage

```
build_map_predation(map_list, data_list)
```

Arguments

`map_list` The current TMB map list.
`data_list` The data list containing model settings.

Value

Updated `map_list`.

build_map_recruitment *Helper to set map for Recruitment parameters*

Description

Maps the recruitment deviations (`rec_dev`, `init_dev`), stock-recruitment parameters (`rec_pars`) and Rec dev variances (`R_log_sd`)
 see `build_srr()` for options,

Usage

```
build_map_recruitment(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind, nyrs_proj, random_rec)
```

Arguments

`map_list` The current TMB map list.
`data_list` The data list containing model settings.
`nyrs_hind` Number of historical years.
`nyrs_proj` Total number of years (historical + projected).
`random_rec` Logical indicating if recruitment deviations are random effects.

Value

Updated `map_list`.

build_map_selectivity *Helper to set map for Selectivity parameters*

Description

Maps base selectivity parameters (`log_sel_slp`, `sel_inf`, `sel_coff`) and time-varying deviations, based on `Selectivity` and `Time_varying_sel` settings in `fleet_control`.

Selectivity in `fleet_control` of the data determines shape of selectivity curve: 0 = "Fixed" empirical selectivity provided in `emp_sel` in the data 1 = "Logistic" 2 = "NonParametric" selectivity sensu Ianelli et al 2018 3 = "DoubleLogistic" 4 = "DescendingLogistic" 5 = "Hake" non-parametric selectivity sensu Taylor et al 2014 (Hake) 6 = "2DAR1" across age x year 7 = "3DAR1" across age x cohort x year (Cheng et al 2024) 8 = "DoubleNormal" Gaussian ascending/descending limbs blended at peak (analogous to SS3 pattern 24). Parameters: `sel_inf[1]` = peak; `sel_inf[2]` = `logit(right_floor)` (right-tail floor, SS3 P6/end_logit); `log_sel_slp[1]` = `log(sigma_asc)`; `log_sel_slp[2]` = `log(sigma_desc)`. `right_floor`→0: dome-shaped; `right_floor`→1: logistic ascending only.

`N_sel_bins` Number of age/length bins to estimate non-parametric selectivity when `Selectivity` = 2 or 5. Not used otherwise

`Time_varying_sel` determines if time-varying selectivity should be estimated for logistic, double logistic selectivity, descending logistic, non-parametric, or hake (`Selectivity` = 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5). 0 = 'None' 1 = 'IID' penalized deviates given `sel_sd_prior` 3 = 'Block' time blocks with no penalty 4 = 'RandomWalk' random walk following Dorn 5 = 'RandomWalkAscending' random walk on ascending portion of double logistic only. `random_sel` in `fit_mod` treats random deviates and random walk parameters as random effects, estimating the variance.

Usage

```
build_map_selectivity(map_list, data_list, nyrs_hind, random_sel)
```

Arguments

<code>map_list</code>	The current TMB map list.
<code>data_list</code>	The data list containing model settings.
<code>nyrs_hind</code>	Number of historical years.
<code>random_sel</code>	Logical indicating if selectivity deviations are random effects.

Value

Updated `map_list`.

build_params	<i>Build parameter list from cpp file</i>
--------------	---

Description

Function to read a TMB cpp file and construct parameter list object for Rceattle

Usage

```
build_params(data_list)
```

Arguments

data_list an Rceattle data_list

Value

a list of map arguments for each parameter

build_srr	<i>Specify the stock-recruit relationship (SRR) for Rceattle</i>
-----------	--

Description**Stock recruitment relationships currently implemented in Rceattle:**

- srr_fun = 0 or "mean": No stock recruit relationship. Recruitment is a function of R0 and annual deviates (i.e. steepness = 0.99).

$$R_y = \exp(R0 + R_{dev,y})$$

- srr_fun = 2 or "BevertonHolt": Beverton-holt stock-recruitment relationship

$$R_y = \frac{\alpha_{srr} * SB_{y-minage}}{1 + \beta_{srr} * SB_{y-minage}}$$

- srr_fun = 4 or "Ricker": Ricker stock-recruitment relationship

$$R_y = \alpha_{srr} * SB_{y-minage} * \exp(-\beta_{srr} * SB_{y-minage})$$

When srr_pred_fun > 0 and srr_fun = 0 recruitment in the hindcast is estimated as in srr_fun = 0

$$R_y = \exp(R0 + R_{dev,y})$$

, but an additional stock recruitment relationship defined by srr_pred_fun is estimated between srr_hat_styr and srr_hat_endyr and treated as an additional penalty. The stock recruitment relationship defined by srr_pred_fun is then used in the projection.

Usage

```

build_srr(
  srr_fun = 0,
  srr_pred_fun = srr_fun,
  proj_mean_rec = TRUE,
  srr_mse_switchyr = NULL,
  srr_hat_styr = NULL,
  srr_hat_endyr = NULL,
  srr_est_mode = 1,
  srr_prior = 4,
  srr_prior_sd = 1,
  srr_indices = NA,
  Bmsy_lim = NA,
  linkages = NULL
)

```

Arguments

srr_fun	Stock recruit function to be used for hindcast estimation of Rceattle (see @description below). Default = 0
srr_pred_fun	stock recruit function for projection, reference points, and penalties to be used for Rceattle (see below). When srr_fun == 0, it treats the stock-recruit curve as an additional penalty onto the annually estimated recruitment from the hindcast (sensu AMAK and Jim Ianelli's pollock model). If srr_fun > 0 then srr_pred_fun = srr_fun and no additional penalty is included.
proj_mean_rec	Project the model using: 0 = mean recruitment (average R of hindcast) or 1 = SRR(omega, srr_devs)
srr_mse_switchyr	is used for MSEs to deal with AMAK and Jim Ianelli's estimation where a stock recruit function is estimated as an additional penalty (srr_fun = 0 and srr_pred_fun > 0). It tells the model in what year to switch to the stock recruit function.
srr_hat_styr	Integer. The first year used for estimating the recruitment function as an additional penalty. It will add additional penalties sensu AMAK and Jim Ianelli's pollock model when srr_pred_fun > 0 and srr_fun = 0, starting at styr + 1. Defaults to \$styr + 1\$ in \$data_list\$. Useful if environmental data used to condition stock-recruit relationships is not available until end-year, but projections are desired.
srr_hat_endyr	Integer. The last year used for estimating the recruitment function as an additional penalty. It will add an additional penalties sensu AMAK and Jim Ianelli's pollock model when srr_pred_fun > 0 and srr_fun = 0. Recruitment Defaults to \$endyr\$ in \$data_list\$. Useful if environmental data used to condition stock-recruit relationships is not available for the full time-series, but projections are desired.
srr_est_mode	Switch to determine estimation mode. 0 = fix alpha to prior mean, 1 = freely estimate R0, alpha, and/or beta (default), 2 = use lognormally distributed prior

	for alpha (Ricker) or steepness (Beverton), 3 = use beta distributed prior for steepness (Beverton) given mean and sd.
srr_prior	mean for normally distributed prior for stock-recruit parameter
srr_prior_sd	Prior standard deviation for stock-recruit parameter
srr_indices	Soft-deprecated. Use the linkages argument instead. See vignette("environmental-linkages-and-priors") for details.
Bmsy_lim	Upper limit for Ricker based SSB-MSY (e.g 1/Beta). Will add a likelihood penalty if beta is estimated above this limit. Default NA is not used.
linkages	Optional named list of <code>linkage_spec()</code> objects keyed by recruitment parameter name (must be one of "R0", "alpha", "beta"). Each spec describes how that parameter depends on environmental covariates and on stratifying factors (species, sex). The offset enters additively (on the log scale) inside the recruitment compute. See vignette("environmental-linkages-and-priors") for details.

Value

A list containing the stock recruitment relationship settings

check_mse	<i>Function to load .RDs files from MSE runs</i>
-----------	--

Description

Function to load .RDs files from MSE runs

Usage

```
check_mse(dir = NULL, file = NULL)
```

Arguments

dir	Directory used to save files from <code>run_mse</code>
file	file name used to save files from <code>run_mse</code>

Value

list of MSE simulations/run

clean_data	<i>Function to clean data prior to Rceattle runs</i>
------------	--

Description

Function to clean data prior to Rceattle runs

Usage

```
clean_data(data_list)
```

Arguments

data_list	Rceattle data list
-----------	--------------------

coef.Rceattle	<i>Extract estimated parameters from an Rceattle fit</i>
---------------	--

Description

Extract estimated parameters from an Rceattle fit

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
...	Currently unused.

Value

A named numeric vector of estimated fixed-effect parameters (the optimizer's par). Returns NULL if the model was not estimated.

combine_data	<i>Combine data sets. Will use the env_data data set from data_set1 and diet data will have to be updated.</i>
--------------	--

Description

Combine data sets. Will use the env_data data set from data_set1 and diet data will have to be updated.

Usage

```
combine_data(data_list1 = NULL, data_list2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

data_list1	Rceattle data_list 1
data_list2	Rceattle data_list 2

compare_sim	<i>Evaluate simulation performance</i>
-------------	--

Description

Function to evaluate the simulation performance with regard to bias using the median relative error (MRE) and precision using the coefficient of variation.

Usage

```
compare_sim(operating_mod, simulation_mods, object = "quantities")
```

Arguments

operating_mod	CEATTLE model object exported from Rceattle to be used as the operating model
simulation_mods	List of CEATTLE model objects exported from Rceattle fit to simulated data
object	character string specifying which part of the model to compare (default = "quantities")

Value

A data frame summarising simulation performance metrics

convergence_diagnostics

Convergence diagnostics for a fitted Rceattle model

Description

Runs the post-fit convergence battery and returns a single structured object. Each check yields a record with a common schema (id, tier, severity, message, data); severity is one of "OK", "NOTE", "WARN", "FAIL". The object's status is the worst severity present.

Usage

```
convergence_diagnostics(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
...	Currently unused.

Details

`fit_mod()` runs this automatically and attaches the result as `fit$convergence`; call `convergence_diagnostics()` directly to re-run it on any fit. Checks cover the optimizer gradient, Hessian positive-definiteness and conditioning, parameters on bounds, phasing, and parameter estimability.

Value

An object of class "Rceattle_convergence": a list with `status` (overall worst severity) and `checks` (named list of records).

EBS_ms_run

Fitted multispecies CEATTLE model for the Eastern Bering Sea

Description

A fitted Rceattle model object for the multispecies run of CEATTLE for the Eastern Bering Sea (walleye pollock, Pacific cod, arrowtooth flounder).

Usage

```
EBS_ms_run
```

Format

An object of class Rceattle.

EBS_ss_M_run	<i>Fitted single-species CEATTLE model with estimated M for the Eastern Bering Sea</i>
--------------	--

Description

A fitted `Rceattle` model object for the single-species run of CEATTLE for the Eastern Bering Sea with natural mortality estimated.

Usage

```
EBS_ss_M_run
```

Format

An object of class `Rceattle`.

EBS_ss_run	<i>Fitted single-species CEATTLE model for the Eastern Bering Sea</i>
------------	---

Description

A fitted `Rceattle` model object for the single-species run of CEATTLE for the Eastern Bering Sea (walleye pollock, Pacific cod, arrowtooth flounder) without estimating natural mortality.

Usage

```
EBS_ss_run
```

Format

An object of class `Rceattle`.

fit_control

Bundle the optimizer / sdreport / phasing controls for fit_mod()

Description

fit_mod() carries roughly a dozen optimizer- and reporting-related arguments (bias.correct, getsd, loopnum, newtonsteps, ...). That is a lot of surface area when the user mostly cares about "what model am I fitting" rather than "how is it being fit." fit_control() collects those knobs into a single object so calls to fit_mod() can stay focused on the model spec:

Usage

```
fit_control(
  bias.correct = FALSE,
  getsd = TRUE,
  getJointPrecision = TRUE,
  getReportCovariance = FALSE,
  use_gradient = TRUE,
  rel_tol = 1,
  loopnum = 5,
  newtonsteps = 0,
  phase = FALSE,
  TMBfilename = NULL,
  verbose = 1,
  nlminb_control = list(eval.max = 1e+09, iter.max = 1e+09, trace = 0)
)
```

Arguments

bias.correct	logical. If TRUE, applies bias correction via <code>TMB::sdreport()</code> . Default FALSE.
getsd	logical. If TRUE, run <code>TMB::sdreport()</code> after optimization. Default TRUE.
getJointPrecision	logical. Return the full Hessian of fixed and random effects. Default TRUE (matches fit_mod() default).
getReportCovariance	logical. Return the variance-covariance of ADREPORT variables. Default FALSE.
use_gradient	logical. Use the analytic gradient during phasing. Default TRUE.
rel_tol	Numeric tolerance used to flag discontinuous likelihood warnings (compares the TMB and nlminb objectives). Default 1.
loopnum	Integer. Number of times to re-start optimization (loopnum = 3 sometimes achieves a lower final gradient than loopnum = 1). Default 5.
newtonsteps	Integer. Number of extra Newton steps to take after optimization (alternative to loopnum). Default 0.

phase	TRUE/FALSE or a list. If FALSE, the model is not phased. If TRUE, default phasing is used. Can also accept a list of parameter object names with corresponding phase. Default FALSE.
TMBfilename	Optional character. Path (without .cpp) to an alternate TMB template for development. Default NULL (use the bundled ceattle_v01_11).
verbose	0 = silent, 1 = print updates of model fit, 2 = print updates of model fit and TMB estimation progress. Default 1.
nlmminb_control	A list of control parameters passed to <code>stats::nlminb()</code> . See ?nlminb. Default <code>list(eval.max = 1e9, iter.max = 1e9, trace = 0)</code> .

Details

```
fit <- fit_mod(
  data_list = BS2017SS,
  msmMode   = 0,
  fit_control = fit_control(loopnum = 1, getsd = FALSE)
)
```

Pass the result via the `fit_control` argument to `fit_mod()`. When supplied, the values in the `fit_control` object override the corresponding individual arguments to `fit_mod()`. Individual arguments are kept for backward compatibility.

Value

A list of class "Rceattle_fit_control".

Examples

```
# Quick-and-dirty fit: skip sdreport, single optimizer pass
ctl <- fit_control(getsd = FALSE, loopnum = 1)

# Production fit with bias correction and joint precision
ctl <- fit_control(bias.correct = TRUE, getJointPrecision = TRUE)
```

fit_mod

This function runs CEATTLE

Description

This function estimates population parameters of CEATTLE using maximum likelihood in TMB.

Usage

```
fit_mod(
  data_list = NULL,
  inits = NULL,
  map = NULL,
  bounds = NULL,
```

```

file = NULL,
estimateMode = 0,
projection_uncertainty = FALSE,
random_rec = FALSE,
random_q = FALSE,
random_sel = FALSE,
HCR = build_hcr(),
niter = 3,
recFun = build_srr(),
M1Fun = build_M1(),
growthFun = build_growth(),
msmMode = 0,
avgnMode = 0,
initMode = "NonEquilibrium",
suitMode = 0,
suit_styr = NULL,
suit_endyr = NULL,
fit_control = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

data_list	A data list read in via read_data or built directly in R; see <code>vignette("data-without-excel", package = "Rceattle")</code> .
inits	(Optional) A named list of initial parameter values, as returned by build_params or extracted from a previous fit (<code>model\$estimated_params</code>). If NULL, parameters are initialized from scratch via build_params .
map	(Optional) A map object from build_map .
bounds	(Optional) A bounds object from build_bounds .
file	(Optional) Filename where files will be saved. If NULL, no file is saved.
estimateMode	0 = Fit the hindcast model and projection with HCR specified via HCR. 1 = Fit the hindcast model only (no projection). 2 = Run the projection only with HCR specified via HCR given the initial parameters in <code>inits</code> . 3 = debug mode 1: runs the model through <code>MakeADFun</code> , but not <code>nlminb</code> , 4 = runs the model through <code>MakeADFun</code> and <code>nlminb</code> (will all parameters mapped out).
projection_uncertainty	logical. If TRUE, accounts for hindcast parameter uncertainty in projections when using an HCR. Default is FALSE for speed.
random_rec	logical. If TRUE, treats recruitment deviations as random effects using the laplace approximation. The default is FALSE.
random_q	logical. If TRUE, treats annual catchability deviations as random effects using the laplace approximation. The default is FALSE.
random_sel	logical. If TRUE, treats annual selectivity deviations as random effects using the laplace approximation. The default is FALSE.
HCR	HCR list object from build_hcr

niter	Number of iterations for multispecies model
recFun	The stock recruit-relationship parameterization from build_srr .
M1Fun	M1 parameterizations and priors. Use build_M1 .
growthFun	The weight-at-age parameterization from build_growth .
msmMode	The predation mortality functions to used. Defaults to no predation mortality used.
avgnMode	The average abundance-at-age approximation to be used for predation mortality equations. 0 (default) is the $N/Z(1 - \exp(-Z))$, 1 is $N\exp(-Z/2)$, 2 is N .
initMode	how the population is initialized. 0 = initial age-structure estimated as free parameters; 1 = equilibrium age-structure estimated out from R0 + mortality (M1); 2 = non-equilibrium age-structure estimated out from R0, mortality (M1), and initial population deviates; 3 = non-equilibrium age-structure estimated out from initial fishing mortality (Finit), R0, mortality (M1), and initial population deviates; 4 = non-equilibrium age-structure version 2 where initial fishing mortality (Finit) scales R0.
suitMode	Switch for suitability derivation for each predator (single value or vector). 0 = empirical based on diet data (Holsman et al. 2015), 1 = length-based gamma suitability, 2 = weight-based gamma suitability, 3 = length-based lognormal suitability, 4 = weight-based lognormal suitability, 5 = length-based normal suitability, 6 = weight-based normal suitability.
suit_styr	Integer. The first year used to calculate mean suitability. Defaults to \$styr\$ in \$data_list\$. Used when diet data were sampled from a subset of years.
suit_endyr	Integer. The last year used to calculate mean suitability. Defaults to \$endyr\$ in \$data_list\$. Used when diet data were sampled from a subset of years.
fit_control	A list returned by fit_control() that bundles the optimizer / sdreport / phasing knobs (phase, bias.correct, getsd, getJointPrecision, getReportCovariance, use_gradient, rel_tol, loopnum, newtonsteps, TMBfilename, verbose, nlminb_control). Defaults to fit_control() . See fit_control() for the meaning and defaults of each field.
...	Deprecated optimizer / sdreport / phasing arguments (e.g. phase, getsd, bias.correct, use_gradient, rel_tol, control, getJointPrecision, getReportCovariance, loopnum, newtonsteps, verbose, TMBfilename). These are forwarded into fit_control with a deprecation warning; pass them via fit_control() instead.

Details

CEATTLE is an age-structured population dynamics model that can be fit with or without predation mortality. The default is to exclude predation mortality by setting `msmMode` to 0. Predation mortality can be included by setting `msmMode` with the following options:

- 0. Single species mode
- 1. Holsman et al. 2015 predation based on multi-species virtual population analysis (MSVPA) based predation formation.
- 2. MSVPA Holling Type III

Values 3 through 9 (Kinzey & Punt 2009 functional responses – Holling Type I/II/III, predator interference, predator preemption, Hassell-Varley, Ecosim) are blocked at runtime by `data_check()` because the implementations have not been validated against the current parameter set. See `src/TMB/predation.hpp`.

Value

A list of class "Rceattle" including:

- `data_list`: List of data inputs
- `initial_params`: List of starting parameters
- `bounds`: Parameter bounds used for estimation
- `map`: List of map used in TMB
- `obj`: TMB model object
- `opt`: Optimized model object from `nlm`
- `sdrep`: Object of class `sdreport` exported by TMB including the standard errors of estimated parameters
- `estimated_params`: List of estimated parameters
- `quantities`: Derived quantities from CEATTLE
- `run_time`: Model run time

Examples

```
data(BS2017SS)
ss_run <- fit_mod(
  data_list = BS2017SS,
  estimateMode = 0,
  msmMode = 0,
  fit_control = fit_control(phase = FALSE, verbose = 0)
)
```

GeorgesBank3spp

Data inputs for a three-species Georges Bank CEATTLE model

Description

A data list containing inputs for a multispecies CEATTLE model fit to three groundfish species on Georges Bank. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

```
GeorgesBank3spp
```

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

get_growth_matrix_r *Generate Length-at-Age Transition Matrix*

Description

This function calculates a probability transition matrix that defines the probability of a fish of a given age belonging to specific length bins. It supports Von Bertalanffy and Richards growth models and includes a Stock Synthesis (SS) style plus-group correction.

Usage

```
get_growth_matrix_r(
  fracyr,
  nsex_sp,
  nages_sp,
  nlengths_sp,
  nyrs,
  lengths_sp,
  minage_sp,
  maxage_sp,
  growth_params_sp,
  growth_log_sd_sp,
  growth_model_sp
)
```

Arguments

fracyr	Numeric. Fraction of the year (0 = Jan 1st).
nsex_sp	Integer. Number of sexes for the species.
nages_sp	Integer. Number of age classes.
nlengths_sp	Integer. Number of length bins.
nyrs	Integer. Number of years in the simulation.
lengths_sp	Vector. Boundaries of the length bins.
minage_sp	Numeric. The reference age (L1) for growth estimation.
maxage_sp	Numeric. The age at which growth enters the asymptotic phase.
growth_params_sp	Array. Dimensions (sex, yr, 4). Params: K, L1, Linf, Richards m.
growth_log_sd_sp	Array. Dimensions (sex, 2). Log-SD of length: 1st param is SD at minage, 2nd param is SD at maxage.
growth_model_sp	Integer. 1 = Von Bertalanffy, 2 = Richards.

Value

A 4D array of probabilities with dimensions (sex, age, length, year).

get_weight_at_age_r *Calculate Predicted Weight-at-Age*

Description

Converts a growth matrix (length-at-age probabilities) into mean weight-at-age using a length-weight relationship ($W = a * L^b$).

Usage

```
get_weight_at_age_r(
  nsex_sp,
  nages_sp,
  nlengths_sp,
  nyrs,
  lengths_sp,
  length_at_age,
  growth_matrix,
  lw_params
)
```

Arguments

nsex_sp	Integer. Number of sexes.
nages_sp	Integer. Number of age classes.
nlengths_sp	Integer. Number of length bins.
nyrs	Integer. Number of years.
lengths_sp	Vector. Boundaries of the length bins.
length_at_age	Array. Mean length at age from get_growth_matrix_r.
growth_matrix	Array. 4D array (sex, age, length, year) from get_growth_matrix_r.
lw_params	Array. Dimensions (sex, yr, 2). Params: 1st is alpha (a), 2nd is beta (b).

Details

The function calculates midpoints for length bins to avoid bias. For the first bin, it assumes the width is equal to the second bin's width. The final weight-at-age is the expected value across all length bins for that age.

Value

A 3D array of mean weights with dimensions (sex, age, year).

GOA2018SS	<i>Data inputs for a single-species Gulf of Alaska CEATTLE model (2018)</i>
-----------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska groundfish data through 2018. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

GOA2018SS

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

GOAatf	<i>Data inputs for Gulf of Alaska arrowtooth flounder CEATTLE model</i>
--------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska arrowtooth flounder data. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

GOAatf

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

GOAtf2023	<i>Data inputs for Gulf of Alaska arrowtooth flounder CEATTLE model (2023)</i>
-----------	--

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska arrowtooth flounder data through 2023. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

GOAtf2023

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

GOAcod	<i>Data inputs for Gulf of Alaska Pacific cod CEATTLE model</i>
--------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska Pacific cod data. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

GOAcod

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

GOApollock

Data inputs for Gulf of Alaska walleye pollock CEATTLE model

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska walleye pollock data. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

GOApollock

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

GOAsafe2018

Gulf of Alaska 2018 SAFE report reference values

Description

A list containing biomass, spawning stock biomass, and recruitment reference values from the 2018 Gulf of Alaska Stock Assessment and Fishery Evaluation (SAFE) report.

Usage

GOAsafe2018

Format

A list with components:

biomass Total biomass time series

ssb Spawning stock biomass time series

recruitment Recruitment time series

jitter

*Jitter analysis***Description**

Run's the Rceattle model at initial values that are $\pm N(0, sd)$ from the initial parameters.

Usage

```
jitter(
  Rceattle = NULL,
  njitter = 50,
  sd = 0.2,
  phase = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  cores = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	an Rceattle model fit using <code>fit_mod</code>
njitter	the number of jitters to run
sd	standard deviation for jitter (default = 0.2)
phase	as in <code>fit_mod</code> default = FALSE
seed	random number seed. Each jitter i uses $seed + i$ so results are reproducible under both sequential and parallel execution.
cores	Number of cores to use for parallel jitters. Default NULL picks <code>parallel::detectCores()</code> - 6, capped at 2 when running under R CMD check (which sets <code>_R_CHECK_LLIMIT_CORES_</code>). Set to 1 to force sequential execution.

Value

a list of Rceattle models

Examples

```
data(BS2017SS)
ss_run <- fit_mod(data_list = BS2017SS,
  inits = NULL, file = NULL,
  estimateMode = 0, random_rec = FALSE,
  msmMode = 0, avgnMode = 0,
  phase = FALSE, verbose = 0)
jitters <- jitter(ss_run, njitter = 10)
```

linkage_spec	<i>Capture a linkage specification</i>
--------------	--

Description

Capture a linkage specification

Usage

```
linkage_spec(
  formula,
  param = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  by = ~species,
  species = NULL,
  sex = NULL,
  link = "log",
  init = NULL,
  bounds = NULL,
  priors = NULL,
  re_group = NA_character_,
  est_phase = 1L
)
```

Arguments

formula	one-sided R formula whose RHS describes the linear predictor for param (e.g. <code>~ 1</code> , <code>~ temp</code> , <code>~ temp + PDO</code>).
param	target parameter name on the natural scale (e.g. "alpha", "M1", "K"). May be NULL when the spec is built inside a <code>build_*</code> () call that infers the parameter name from the enclosing list key (see <code>build_growth()</code>).
data	(Optional) data frame for formula validation. Currently validation happens at materialization time inside <code>fit_mod()</code> .
by	one-sided formula naming stratifying factors that should each get their own coefficients. Allowed names are <code>species</code> , <code>sex</code> , and <code>age_bin</code> . The default <code>~species</code> produces one coefficient set per species (the typical multispecies assessment use case); pass <code>~species + sex</code> for per-(species, sex) coefficients, or NULL to share a single coefficient set across every species/sex.
species	optional integer vector of 1-based species ids that this spec applies to. NULL (default) means every species in <code>strata\$species</code> at materialization time. Use this to give different species different formulas, e.g. by registering multiple specs against the same parameter – see <code>build_growth()</code> for the multi-spec syntax.
sex	optional vector of sex ids that this spec applies to. May be supplied as integers (1L = female, 2L = male) or as character strings ("Females"/"Males", case-insensitive; "female", "male", "f", "m" are also accepted). NULL (default)

means every sex in `strata$sex` at materialization time. Only meaningful when by includes sex; otherwise the filter is a no-op. Use this to register separate specs per sex (e.g. one prior on females, another on males) against the same parameter.

link	link function relating the linear predictor to the natural-scale target parameter. One of "log" (default) or "identity". With link = "log", $\log(\text{param}) = X * \text{beta} - \text{slope}$ contributions are multiplicative on the natural-scale parameter. With link = "identity", $\text{param} = X * \text{beta} - \text{slope}$ contributions are additive on the natural scale. All linkage targets currently expose log-scale TMB parameters, so "log" is the natural default; "identity" is reserved for future processes (e.g. logit for steepness).
init	optional named numeric vector of initial values keyed by the design-matrix column name (e.g. <code>c((Intercept) = 4, temp = 0)</code>). Missing entries default to 0.
bounds	optional named list of <code>c(lower, upper)</code> keyed the same way as <code>init</code> .
priors	optional named list whose entries are <code>Rceattle_priors</code> objects, keyed by design-matrix column name. Inside this argument the unprefix shorthand <code>normal()</code> , <code>lognormal()</code> , <code>gamma()</code> , and <code>beta()</code> resolves to the corresponding <code>prior_*</code> constructors via a private data mask, so <code>priors = list(temp = normal(0, 1))</code> works without masking <code>base::gamma()</code> or <code>base::beta()</code> at the package level. Equivalent to <code>priors = list(temp = prior_normal(0, 1))</code> .
re_group	optional character: name of a random-effect grouping for these coefficients. NA (default) means fixed.
est_phase	optional integer estimation phase. Default 1L.

Value

An `Rceattle_linkage_spec` object.

<code>load_mse</code>	<i>Function to load .RDs files from MSE runs</i>
-----------------------	--

Description

Function to load .RDs files from MSE runs

Usage

```
load_mse(dir = NULL, file = NULL, exclude = NULL, include_em = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dir	Directory used to save files from <code>run_mse</code>
file	file name used to save files from <code>run_mse</code>
exclude	index of MSE simulations not to load
include_em	whether the EMs should be loaded or not (default = TRUE)

Value

list of MSE simulations/run

logLik.Rceattle	<i>Log-likelihood of an Rceattle fit</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Returns the joint negative-objective from nlminb, sign-flipped, as a "logLik" object. df is the number of estimated fixed-effect parameters. The nobs attribute is intentionally omitted: counting "observations" in a stock assessment likelihood (with composition cells, indices, catches, and priors) is not well-defined, so `stats::AIC()` works (uses df) while `stats::BIC()` does not.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
...	Currently unused.

Value

An object of class "logLik", or NULL if the model was not estimated.

model_average	<i>Model average of derived quantities</i>
---------------	--

Description

Model average of derived quantities

Usage

```
model_average(Rceattle, weights = NULL, uncertainty = FALSE, nboot = 10000)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	list of Rceattle model objects
weights	vector of weights to be used for weighting models
uncertainty	TRUE/FALSE Sample uncertainty across derived quantities using weighted bootstrap from the asymptotic distribution of MLEs
nboot	Number of bootstraps taken from asymptotic distribution of MLEs. Default = 10000

Value

an Rceattle object with derived quantities weighted by the specified weights. The length of the derived quantities spans the years which overlap across all models.

mse_summary

Management strategy evaluation performance metric summary

Description

Management strategy evaluation performance metric summary

Usage

```
mse_summary(mse, om_only = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mse	MSE runs from run_mse or load_mse
om_only	only include performance metrics from OMs

Value

Alist of two data.frames with MSE summary statistics of performance metrics including: data.frame
1

1. Average annual catch across projection years and simulations per fleet and across fleets
2. Average interannual variation in catch (IAV) across projection years (n) per fleet and across fleets
3. % of years in which the fishery is closed across simulations (s)
4. Average relative mean squared error in estimate of spawning biomass in the terminal year across simulations
5. % of years in which the population is perceived as undergoing overfishing as determined from F_Limit across simulations via [build_hcr](#) in the EM
6. % of years in which the population is perceived to be overfished as determined from B_Limit across simulations via [build_hcr](#) in the EM
7. % of years in which the population is undergoing overfishing as determined from the “true” F_Limit across simulations via [build_hcr](#) in the OM
8. % of years in which the population is overfished as determined from the “true” B_Limit across simulations via [build_hcr](#) in the OM
9. Average ratio of spawning biomass over B_target in the terminal year across simulations in the OM 10-14. Terminal biomass, SSB, SSB depletion (relative to equilibrium), SSB depletion (relative to dynamic SB0)

NorthernRockfish2022 *Data inputs for Northern Rockfish CEATTLE model (2022)*

Description

A data list containing inputs for a single-species CEATTLE model fit to Gulf of Alaska northern rockfish data through 2022. See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

```
NorthernRockfish2022
```

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

`plot.Rceattle` *Plot method for fitted Rceattle models*

Description

Thin S3 dispatcher around the package's existing `plot_*()` functions so that `plot(fit)` works the way users expect. Pick the panel with `what`; everything in `...` is forwarded to the underlying function.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
plot(x, what = "biomass", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
<code>what</code>	Character. One of "biomass" (default), "ssb", "recruitment", "depletion", "index", "catch", "selectivity", "mortality", or "data".
<code>...</code>	Passed to the underlying plotting function.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Called for the side effect of producing a plot.

plot_b_eaten	<i>Plot biomass eaten</i>
--------------	---------------------------

Description

Function that plots the biomass consumed trends as estimated from Rceattle. Returns and saves a figure with the biomass eaten trajectory.

Usage

```
plot_b_eaten(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
spnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	TRUE/FALSE, includes 95 percent confidence interval
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save figure to file?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.

width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	first year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
alpha	Shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?

plot_b_eaten_prop *Plot biomass consumed of each prey species by predator*

Description

Function that plots the biomass consumed trends as estimated from Rceattle. Returns and saves a figure with the biomass eaten trajectory.

Usage

```
plot_b_eaten_prop(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  lwd = 3,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 0.15,
  minyr = NULL,
  mohns = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  incl_mean = FALSE,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
spnames	Species names for legend
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
lwd	Line width as specified by user
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
top_adj	Adjustment for top margin
minyr	first year to plot
mohns	data.frame of mohn's rows extracted from retrospective
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
incl_mean	TRUE/FALSE include horizontal long term mean
add_ci	TRUE/FALSE, includes 95 percent confidence interval
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend

plot_biomass

Plot biomass

Description

Plots the mean minage+ biomass (million mt) and 95\

Usage

```
plot_biomass(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
```

```

height = 6.5,
minyr = NULL,
maxyr = NULL,
incl_proj = FALSE,
mod_cex = 1,
lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
alpha = 0.4,
mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
mse = FALSE,
OM = TRUE,
reference = NULL
)

```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
snames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the biomass trajectory.

 plot_catch

Landings fits

Description

Plot of fitted landings data on natural-scale (r4ss-style)

Usage

```
plot_catch(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 1.2,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  single.plots = FALSE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  alpha = 0.4,
  lwd = 2,
  ymax = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  mse = FALSE,
  error = TRUE,
  fleets = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Species names for legend
right_adj	How much right side of the x-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
top_adj	How much top side of the y-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage (default = 1.2).
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
single.plots	if TRUE plot invidual fits else make multiplot
width	plot width
height	plot hight

alpha	Transparency of lines for MSE plots
lwd	Line width
ymax	Fleet specific upper ylim
maxyr	Max year to plot
mse	Is if an MSE object from <code>load_mse</code> or <code>run_mse</code> . Will plot data from OMs.
error	Include observed data with error bars?
fleets	Which fishing fleets to include (defaults to all = NULL)

plot_comp

Plot time series of comp data

Description

Function the plots the comp data as estimated from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_comp(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  cex = 3,
  lwd = 3,
  right_adj = 0
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
species	Species names for legend
cex	Line width as specified by user
lwd	Line width for observed data lines
right_adj	How many units of the x-axis to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.

Value

Returns and saves a figure

plot_data

*Timeline of data used in the model likelihoods***Description**

Plots a timeline of presence/absence (and optionally relative quantity) of the data sources contributing to an Rceattle model's likelihood, by year and fleet. Modelled after Stock Synthesis's `r4ss::SSplotData()`.

Usage

```
plot_data(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  subplots = 1:2,
  datatypes = "all",
  fleets = "all",
  species = "all",
  ghost = FALSE,
  fleetcol = "default",
  width = 7,
  height = 5,
  res = 200,
  psize = 10,
  margins = c(5.1, 2.1, 2.1, 10.1),
  cex = 2,
  lwd = 12,
  maxsize = 1,
  alphasize = 1,
  mainTitle = FALSE,
  cex.main = 1
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Either a single Rceattle model object exported from <code>Rceattle::fit_mod()</code> , or a raw <code>data_list</code> (e.g. one of the bundled datasets such as BS2017MS).
file	Path/prefix used to save the figure. If NULL (default) the plot is drawn to the active device only. When supplied, the figure is written to <code>paste0(file, "_data_plot.png")</code> (and <code>_data_plot2.png</code> for the bubble subplot).
subplots	Integer vector controlling which subplots are produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 — equal-size points showing presence/absence by year/fleet • 2 — points scaled to relative quantity / precision within each data type (catch tonnage, 1/SE for indices, sample size for comps)
datatypes	Either "all" or a subset of <code>c("catch", "index", "agecomp", "lencomp", "caal", "diet")</code> .

fleets	Either "all" or an integer vector of Fleet_codes to include. Diet "fleets" are encoded after the regular fleets (one per predator species).
species	Either "all" or an integer vector of species indices to include.
ghost	Logical. If TRUE, also include rows excluded from the likelihood (Year < 0). Defaults to FALSE.
fleetcol	Either "default" or a vector of colors (one per fleet shown after subsetting). Diet entries get an additional color appended.
width, height	Figure dimensions in inches.
res	Resolution (dpi) for the saved PNG.
ptsize	Pointsize passed to png().
margins	par("mar") for the plot. Increase the right margin if long fleet names are clipped.
cex	Character expansion for points showing isolated years.
lwd	Line width for runs of consecutive years (subplot 1).
maxsize	Max bubble radius (in plot units) for subplot 2.
alphasize	Bubble fill transparency (0–1).
mainTitle	Logical; if TRUE add a default title.
cex.main	Title character expansion.

Details

Years with Year > 0 contribute to the likelihood; rows with Year < 0 (kept for fitting comparison only) are shown when ghost = TRUE. Diet data uses Year == 0 for the fixed reference stomach composition; those entries are plotted at the model endyr and labelled per predator species.

Value

Invisibly, a list with `typetable` — the long data frame underlying the plot (year, fleet, data type, relative size).

plot_depletion	<i>Plot biomass depletion</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Plots the mean biomass depletion and 95\

Usage

```

plot_depletion(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE,
  reference = NULL
)

```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
spnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot

incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the biomass depletion trajectory.

plot_depletionSSB *Plot SSB depletion*

Description

Plots the mean SSB depletion and 95\ Depletion reference lines for Ptarget and Plimit are drawn in blue and red respectively.

Usage

```
plot_depletionSSB(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
```

```

    OM = TRUE,
    reference = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

<code>Rceattle</code>	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
<code>file</code>	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
<code>model_names</code>	Names of models to be used in legend
<code>line_col</code>	Colors of models to be used for line color
<code>species</code>	What species to include 1:nspp
<code>sppnames</code>	Species names for legend
<code>add_ci</code>	If the confidence interval is to be added
<code>lwd</code>	Line width as specified by user
<code>save</code>	Save derived quantity?
<code>right_adj</code>	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
<code>legend.pos</code>	Position of the legend as used by <code>legend</code> (default = "topright").
<code>width</code>	Figure width in inches
<code>height</code>	Figure height in inches
<code>minyr</code>	First year to plot
<code>maxyr</code>	max year to plot
<code>incl_proj</code>	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
<code>mod_cex</code>	Cex of text for model name legend
<code>lty</code>	line type
<code>alpha</code>	shading for confidence intervals
<code>mod_avg</code>	TRUE/FALSE
<code>mse</code>	Is an MSE object from <code>load_mse</code> or <code>run_mse</code>
<code>OM</code>	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
<code>reference</code>	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the SSB depletion trajectory.

plot_diet_comp *Plot diet composition fits*

Description

If year == 0, diet data are averaged from suit_styr to suit_endyr If prey_age >= 0 diet data are diet proportion of prey-at-age in predator-at-age If prey_age < 0 diet data are diet proportion of prey-spp in predator-at-age (sum across prey ages) If prey_age < 0 and pred_age < 0, diet data are mean diet proportion of prey-spp in predator-spp (sum across prey ages and take mean across predator ages) If prey_age < 0 and pred_age < -500, diet data are weighted mean diet proportion of prey-spp in predator-spp (sum across prey ages and take weighted mean across predator ages)

Usage

```
plot_diet_comp(Rceattle, file = NULL, species = NULL)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
species	Species names for legend

Value

Returns and saves a figure

plot_exploitable_biomass
Plot exploitable biomass

Description

Plots the mean exploitable biomass (million mt) and 95\

Usage

```
plot_exploitable_biomass(  
  Rceattle,  
  file = NULL,  
  model_names = NULL,  
  line_col = NULL,  
  species = NULL,  
  spnames = NULL,  
  add_ci = FALSE,  
  lwd = 3,
```

```

save = FALSE,
right_adj = 0,
legend.pos = "topright",
width = 7,
height = 6.5,
minyr = NULL,
maxyr = NULL,
incl_proj = FALSE,
mod_cex = 1,
lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
alpha = 0.4,
mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
mse = FALSE,
OM = TRUE,
reference = NULL
)

```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
snames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the exploitable biomass trajectory.

 plot_f

plot F

Description

Function that plots the F time series per species from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_f(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  right_adj = 0,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
spnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	NOT WORKING If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user

right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
width	plot width
height	plot height
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	is the list a model average? (DEPRECATED)
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the population trajectory.

plot_form	<i>Plot functional form</i>
-----------	-----------------------------

Description

Function to plot the functional form estimated or specified by Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_form(params = NULL, pred = 1, pred_age = 1, prey = 1, msmMode = 3)
```

Arguments

params	Parameter list object from build_params or Rceattle
pred	Predator index
pred_age	Predator age
prey	Prey index
msmMode	Multispecies mode integer specifying functional form

plot_index	<i>CPUE fits</i>
------------	------------------

Description

Plot of fitted CPUE indices on natural-scale (r4ss-style)

Usage

```
plot_index(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 0.05,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  single.plots = FALSE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  error = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Species names for legend
right_adj	How much right side of the x-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
top_adj	How much top side of the y-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
single.plots	if TRUE plot invidual fits else make multiplot
width	plot width
height	plot hight
error	include observed data and error bars?

plot_indexresidual *CPUE residual*

Description

Plot of residuals CPUE indices on log-scale (r4ss-style)

Usage

```
plot_indexresidual(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 0.05,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  single.plots = FALSE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Species names for legend
right_adj	How much right side of the x-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
top_adj	How much top side of the y-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
single.plots	if TRUE plot invidual fits else make multiplot
width	plot width
height	plot hight

plot_logindex	<i>log(CPUE) fits</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

Plot of fitted CPUE indices on log-scale (r4ss-style)

Usage

```
plot_logindex(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 0.05,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  single.plots = FALSE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Species names for legend
right_adj	How much right side of the x-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
top_adj	How much top side of the y-axis for fitting the legend. As percentage.
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
single.plots	if TRUE plot invidual fits else make multiplot
width	plot width
height	plot hight

plot_m_at_age

Plot natural mortality by age

Description

Function that plots the natural mortality at age ($M1 + M2$) as estimated from Rceattle. Returns and saves a figure with the M-at-age trajectory.

Usage

```
plot_m_at_age(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  age = 1,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  lwd = 3,
  lty = 1,
  right_adj = 0,
  minyr = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  incl_mean = FALSE,
  add_ci = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
age	Age to plot M at age
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
spnames	Species names for legend
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
lwd	Line width as specified by user
lty	Line type
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
minyr	first year to plot
width	Figure width in inches

height	Figure height in inches
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
incl_mean	TRUE/FALSE include time series mean as horizontal line
add_ci	TRUE/FALSE, includes 95 percent confidence interval

plot_m2_at_age_prop *Plot predation mortality by age and predator*

Description

Function that plots the predation mortality at age (M2) by predator as estimated from Rceattle. Returns and saves a figure with the M-at-age trajectory.

Usage

```
plot_m2_at_age_prop(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  age = 1,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  lwd = 3,
  right_adj = 0,
  top_adj = 0.15,
  minyr = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  incl_mean = FALSE,
  add_ci = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
age	Age to plot M at age
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
spnames	Species names for legend
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
lwd	Line width as specified by user

right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
top_adj	Adjustment for top margin
minyr	first year to plot
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
incl_mean	TRUE/FALSE include time series mean as horizontal line
add_ci	TRUE/FALSE, includes 95 percent confidence interval

plot_maturity	<i>Plot maturity</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Function that plots the maturity of each species

Usage

```
plot_maturity(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  width = 4,
  height = 5.5,
  lwd = 3
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	Species names for legend
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
lwd	Line width as specified by user

plot_mortality *Plot M1 + M2*

Description

Function that plots the M1 and M2 as estimated from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_mortality(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  zlim = NULL,
  type = 0,
  width = 8,
  height = 5.5,
  title = NULL,
  log = FALSE,
  minyr = NULL,
  theta = 155,
  species = NULL,
  maxage = NULL,
  title_cex = 10,
  M2 = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
incl_proj	Include the projection years (TRUE/FALSE)
zlim	zlim for M1 + M2 plots. Character - use max range across species in model. NULL - use species specific ranges. Vector of two.
type	0 = Tiles, 1 = contour, 2 = facet lines, 3 = persp
width	Plot width when saved "inches"
height	Plot height when saved "inches"
title	Additional title to add. Will also add species names if not NULL
log	TRUE/FALSE use log M1 + M2
minyr	First year to plot
theta	theta for persp plot
species	Species to plot. Plots all if null.
maxage	Plot up to this age. Plots all ages if NULL
title_cex	Font size for title
M2	TRUE/FALSE Use M2 only (True) or total M (False)

plot_ration	<i>Plot ration</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

Function that plots the ration across ages (minage:nages) as estimated from Rceattle. Returns and saves a figure with the ration trajectory. Ration is multiplied by biomass-at-age/sex to get population level estimates

Usage

```
plot_ration(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  minage = 1,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  lwd = 3,
  lty = 1,
  right_adj = 0,
  minyr = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  incl_mean = FALSE,
  add_ci = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
minage	minage to plot ration (i.e. age "minage"+)
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
spnames	Species names for legend
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
lwd	Line width as specified by user
lty	Line type
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
minyr	first year to plot
width	Figure width in inches

height	Figure height in inches
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE include projections years
incl_mean	TRUE/FALSE include time series mean as horizontal line
add_ci	TRUE/FALSE, includes 95 percent confidence interval

plot_recruitment	<i>Plot recruitment</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Plots the mean minage recruitment (millions) and 95\

Usage

```
plot_recruitment(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE,
  reference = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend

line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
sppnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the recruitment trajectory.

plot_selectivity *Plot selectivity*

Description

Function that plots the fishery and survey selectivity as estimated from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_selectivity(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  species = c("Walleye pollock", "Pacific cod", "Arrowtooth flounder"),
  lwd = 3
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
species	Species names for legend
lwd	Line width as specified by user

plot_selectivity_vs_maturity

Plot fishery selectivity and maturity

Description

Function the plots the fishery selectivity and input maturity. Useful for debugging SPR based reference points.

Usage

```
plot_selectivity_vs_maturity(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  species = c("Walleye pollock", "Pacific cod", "Arrowtooth flounder"),
  lwd = 3
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
species	Species names for legend
lwd	Line width as specified by user

plot_ssb

*Plot spawning stock biomass (SSB)***Description**

Plots the mean SSB (million mt) and 95\

Usage

```
plot_ssb(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
  alpha = 0.4,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE,
  reference = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
spnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user

save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the SSB trajectory.

plot_ssb_depletion *Plot SSB depletion (deprecated name)*

Description

Deprecated alias for [plot_ssb_depletion](#). Please use `plot_ssb_depletion()` instead.

Usage

```
plot_ssb_depletion(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  right_adj = 0,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
```

```

minyr = NULL,
maxyr = NULL,
incl_proj = FALSE,
mod_cex = 1,
lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
alpha = 0.4,
mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle)),
mse = FALSE,
OM = TRUE,
reference = NULL
)

```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
spnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
legend.pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model

plot_stock_recruit *Plot stock recruit function*

Description

Function the plots the stock recruit function as estimated from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_stock_recruit(
  Rceattle,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  lwd = 3,
  lty = 1,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  plot_env = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend
line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
species	Which species to plot e.g. c(1,4). Default = NULL plots them all
spnames	Species names for legend
lwd	Line width as specified by user
lty	Line type
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years for environmental relationship
plot_env	TRUE/FALSE, plot environmental covariate relationship
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend

plot_timeseries	<i>Plot time-series</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

Description

Function that plots the time-series (SSB/B/R/Depletion) 95% CI trends as estimated from Rceattle

Usage

```
plot_timeseries(
  Rceattle,
  output = "biomass",
  ylab = NULL,
  file = NULL,
  model_names = NULL,
  line_col = NULL,
  species = NULL,
  spnames = NULL,
  add_ci = FALSE,
  lwd = 3,
  save = FALSE,
  legend.pos = "topright",
  right_adj = 0,
  width = 7,
  height = 6.5,
  minyr = NULL,
  maxyr = NULL,
  incl_proj = FALSE,
  mod_cex = 1,
  lty = rep(1, length(Rceattle)),
  alpha = 0.4,
  mse = FALSE,
  OM = TRUE,
  reference = NULL,
  mod_avg = rep(FALSE, length(Rceattle))
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	Single or list of Rceattle model objects exported from Rceattle
output	derived quantity of interest: recruitment, biomass, ssb, depletion, or ssb_depletion. Uses same name as ".cpp" file.
ylab	Y-axis label
file	name of a file to identified the files exported by the function.
model_names	Names of models to be used in legend

line_col	Colors of models to be used for line color
species	What species to include 1:nspp
sppnames	Species names for legend
add_ci	If the confidence interval is to be added
lwd	Line width as specified by user
save	Save derived quantity?
legend_pos	Position of the legend as used by legend (default = "topright").
right_adj	Multiplier for to add to the right side of the figure for fitting the legend.
width	Figure width in inches
height	Figure height in inches
minyr	First year to plot
maxyr	max year to plot
incl_proj	TRUE/FALSE, include projection years
mod_cex	Cex of text for model name legend
lty	line type
alpha	shading for confidence intervals
mse	Is an MSE object from load_mse or run_mse
OM	if mse == TRUE, use the OM (TRUE) or EM (FALSE) for plotting?
reference	Reference model
mod_avg	TRUE/FALSE

Value

Returns and saves a figure with the population trajectory.

print.Rceattle *Print method for fitted Rceattle models*

Description

Provides a compact summary so that auto-printing inside R Markdown / knitr / RStudio does not recurse into the (very deep) data and TMB objects stored on the fit. Only structural metadata, convergence status, headline derived quantities, and the package / TMB-DLL versions used to produce the fit are printed.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x An object of class "Rceattle" returned by `fit_mod()`.
- ... Currently unused.

Details

For operational use, the package version line is meant to make it obvious which version of Rceattle produced an archived fit so that results can be reproduced even if master has moved on. Tag a release (`devtools::install_github("grantdadams/Rceattle@vX.Y.Z")`) and the same version string will reappear here on a fresh run.

Value

The input `x`, invisibly.

<code>prior_beta</code>	<i>Beta prior on a linkage coefficient</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

Standard `Beta(shape1, shape2)` on $(0, 1)$, matching `stats::dbeta()`. For priors on stock-recruit steepness on the standard $(0.2, 1)$ interval, transform inside the model and use `prior_beta()` on the rescaled quantity.

Usage

```
prior_beta(shape1, shape2)
```

Arguments

- shape1, shape2 positive shape parameters.

Value

An `Rceattle_prior` of family "beta".

prior_gamma	<i>Gamma prior on a linkage coefficient</i>
-------------	---

Description

Shape-rate parameterization, matching `stats::dgamma()`.

Usage

```
prior_gamma(shape, rate)
```

Arguments

shape	positive shape parameter.
rate	positive rate parameter.

Value

An Rceattle_prior of family "gamma".

prior_lognormal	<i>Lognormal prior on a linkage coefficient</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Parameterized on the log scale (mean and sd of the log of the coefficient), matching `stats::dlnorm()`.

Usage

```
prior_lognormal(meanlog, sdlog)
```

Arguments

meanlog	prior mean of the log of the coefficient.
sdlog	prior standard deviation of the log (must be positive).

Value

An Rceattle_prior of family "lognormal".

prior_normal	<i>Normal prior on a linkage coefficient</i>
--------------	--

Description

Normal prior on a linkage coefficient

Usage

```
prior_normal(mean, sd)
```

Arguments

mean	prior mean.
sd	prior standard deviation (must be positive).

Value

An Rceattle_prior of family "normal".

profile.Rceattle	<i>Likelihood profile across one or more parameter cells</i>
------------------	--

Description

Re-fits an Rceattle model while holding selected cells of a parameter fixed at user-specified values. Supports profiling a single cell (e.g. R_log_sd[species = 1]) and arbitrary N-dimensional cross-profiles over multiple cells – e.g. log_M1[1, 1, 1] and log_M1[1, 2, 1] jointly, to profile residual M for males against females. For each grid point the targeted cells are fixed in the TMB map and the remaining parameters are re-estimated; the result is a grid of Rceattle models for downstream NLL surfaces.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
profile(
  fitted = NULL,
  param = NULL,
  slots = NULL,
  values = NULL,
  transform = "log",
  cores = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

fitted	an Rceattle model fit using <code>fit_mod</code>
param	Name of the parameter to profile. Two ways to specify it: Raw parameter slot any name in <code>Rceattle\$estimated_params</code> ; tested for "R_log_sd", "rec_pars", and "log_M1". slots must index into the full array and transform controls the scale. Natural-scale alias convenience shortcut for the three documented parameters. Aliases imply <code>transform = "log"</code> (values are taken in natural units and log'd before being substituted) and, for <code>rec_pars</code> , fill in the column from the alias name so slots only needs the species index: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "sigmaR", "R_sd" -> R_log_sd • "M1" -> log_M1 • "R0" -> rec_pars[, 1] • "alpha" -> rec_pars[, 2] • "beta" -> rec_pars[, 3] If transform is supplied with an alias it is ignored (with a warning).
slots	A list whose entries are integer index vectors, one entry per cell to fix. Each entry's length must equal the number of dimensions of the resolved parameter – 1 for vectors (R_log_sd), 2 for matrices (rec_pars), 3 for 3-D arrays (log_M1). When using the "R0"/"alpha"/"beta" aliases, supply only the species index (length 1); the column is filled in from the alias. E.g. <code>list(c(1, 2, 1))</code> fixes <code>log_M1[1, 2, 1]</code> ; <code>list(c(1, 1, 1), c(1, 2, 1))</code> fixes both sex cells for a males-vs-females cross-profile of species 1; <code>list(1, 2)</code> with <code>param = "sigmaR"</code> cross-profiles species 1 and 2. If omitted, defaults to a single species-1 slot shaped to match the resolved parameter (e.g. <code>list(1)</code> for R_log_sd, <code>list(c(1, 1, 1))</code> for log_M1, <code>list(1)</code> for the rec_pars aliases) and emits a warning; pass slots explicitly to silence the warning. Defaulting requires <code>length(values) == 1L</code> (otherwise the user must explicitly say which cell each grid targets).
values	A list of numeric vectors, one per entry of slots. The full grid of fits is <code>expand.grid(values)</code> , so a single slot gives a 1-D profile and <i>k</i> slots give a <i>k</i> -D cross-profile.
transform	How to map user values onto the internal parameter scale before substituting them into inits. Either "log" (default), "identity", or a unary function (e.g. <code>qlogis</code>). Applied element-wise to every grid value. Aliases override this with "log".
cores	Number of cores to use for parallel fits. Default NULL picks <code>parallel::detectCores()</code> – 6, capped at 2 when running under R CMD check (which sets <code>_R_CHECK_LLIMIT_CORES_</code>). Set to 1 to force sequential execution.
...	Unused; present for consistency with the <code>stats::profile</code> generic.

Value

A list with elements:

Rceattle_list list of fitted Rceattle models, one per grid row; entries for non-converged fits are NULL so positions stay aligned with grid.

- grid** data frame of grid values on the user scale (before transform); one column per profiled cell, named slot_1, slot_2, ...
- nll** numeric vector of joint negative log-likelihoods (opt\$objective); NA where the fit did not converge.
- param** the profiled parameter name (echoed).
- slots** the slots list (echoed for downstream plotting).

Examples

```
data(BS2017SS)
ss_run <- fit_mod(data_list = BS2017SS,
  inits = NULL, file = NULL,
  estimateMode = 0, random_rec = FALSE,
  msmMode = 0, avgnMode = 0,
  phase = FALSE, verbose = 0)

# 1-D profile of sigmaR for species 1 (alias form -- natural scale)
p1 <- profile(ss_run,
  param = "sigmaR",
  slots = list(1),
  values = list(seq(0.1, 1.5, by = 0.1)))

# Equivalent raw form (log scale -- user does the transform)
p1_raw <- profile(ss_run,
  param = "R_log_sd",
  slots = list(1),
  values = list(log(seq(0.1, 1.5, by = 0.1))),
  transform = "identity")

# 2-D cross-profile of M1 across species 1 and 2 (sex 1, age 1).
# BS2017SS is single-sex; with a multi-sex model the same form
# (e.g. c(1, 1, 1), c(1, 2, 1)) would cross-profile males vs females.
p2 <- profile(ss_run,
  param = "M1",
  slots = list(c(1, 1, 1), c(2, 1, 1)),
  values = list(seq(0.1, 0.4, length.out = 3),
    seq(0.1, 0.4, length.out = 3)))

# 1-D profile of SRR alpha for species 1 (alias drops the rec_pars column)
p3 <- profile(ss_run,
  param = "alpha",
  slots = list(1),
  values = list(seq(2, 80, length.out = 20)))
```

Description

Read a CEATTLE excel data file

Usage

```
read_data(file = "Rceattle_data.xlsx")
```

Arguments

file Filname to be used. Must end with '.xlsx'

Examples

```
library(Rceattle)
data(BS2017SS)
out_file <- file.path(tempdir(), "BS2017SS.xlsx")
write_data(data_list = BS2017SS, file = out_file)
data_list <- read_data(file = out_file)
file.remove(out_file)
```

rearrange_data *Rearrange a data_list for TMB*

Description

Function to rearrange a data_list object to be read into TMB

rearrange_dat() is a deprecated alias for rearrange_data() kept for backwards compatibility; please use rearrange_data().

Usage

```
rearrange_data(data_list)
```

```
rearrange_dat(data_list)
```

Arguments

data_list an Rceattle data_list

remove_F	<i>Rerun with $F = 0$.</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

Description

Function to update hindcast and set F to 0. Useful for determining dynamic reference points for multi-species models under climate-change.

Usage

```
remove_F(Rceattle)
```

Arguments

Rceattle A fitted Rceattle model object

rename_output	<i>Function to rename derived quantities from Rceattle</i>
---------------	--

Description

Function to rename derived quantities from Rceattle

Usage

```
rename_output(data_list = NULL, quantities = NULL)
```

Arguments

data_list an Rceattle data_list
quantities list of "report" objects from Rceattle.

residuals.Rceattle *Observed-vs-fitted residuals from an Rceattle fit*

Description

Returns a long-format data frame of residuals across one or more of the four fitted data sources: "index" (survey indices), "catch" (fishery catches), "comp" (age- or length-composition proportions), and "caal" (conditional age-at-length proportions).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
residuals(object, type = "index", scale = "log", ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
type	One or more of "index", "catch", "comp", "caal", or "all" (default "index").
scale	"log" (default) or "natural". Only affects "index" and "catch" residuals.
...	Currently unused.

Details

For "index" and "catch", the Residual column is on the log scale by default (matching the lognormal observation likelihood) and can be switched to the natural scale via `scale = "natural"`. For "comp" and "caal", residuals are Pearson residuals on the fitted proportions:

$$r = (p - \hat{p}) / \sqrt{\hat{p}(1 - \hat{p})/N}$$

where N is the input sample size. Composition rows are returned in long form: one row per (observation, age/length bin).

Composition rows carry the `Age0_Length1` flag from `comp_data` (0 for age comps, 1 for length comps) so age and length comps can be filtered apart. CAAL rows carry both the conditioning Length and the age Bin.

Value

A data.frame with columns `Source`, `Fleet_code`, `Fleet_name`, `Species`, `Sex`, `Year`, `Length`, `Bin`, `Age0_Length1`, `Sample_size`, `Observed`, `Fitted`, `Residual`. `Sex`, `Length`, `Bin`, `Age0_Length1`, and `Sample_size` are NA where they do not apply (e.g. for index/catch rows).

retrospective

Retrospective peels

Description

Calculate Mohn's rho and run retrospective peels for an Rceattle model. The function also evaluates retrospective forecast skill. To evaluate both retrospective bias and forecast skill, the function uses the map functionality of TMB to peel the model:

1. Filters data, filters fixed inputs, and maps out time-varying parameters for the peeled years. All time-varying parameters for the peeled years are set to the terminal year of the model for that peel.
2. Fits the peeled model.
3. Turns off all hindcast parameters, turns on F for the peeled years, and fits to the peeled catch series to update the "forecast" dynamics given projection assumptions and observed catch from the peeled years.

Usage

```
retrospective(
  Rceattle = NULL,
  peels = 5,
  rescale = FALSE,
  nyrs_forecast = 3,
  cores = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	an Rceattle model fit using <code>fit_mod</code>
peels	the number of retrospective peels to use in the calculation of rho and for model estimation
rescale	TRUE/FALSE whether to subset and rescale environmental predictors for the range of peel years.
nyrs_forecast	Number of forecast years to calculate Mohn's Rho in addition to terminal year
cores	Number of cores to use for parallel peels. Default NULL picks <code>parallel::detectCores()</code> - 6, capped at 2 when running under R CMD check (which sets <code>_R_CHECK_LIMIT_CORES_</code>). Set to 1 to force sequential execution.

Value

a list of 1. list of Rceattle models and 2. vector of Mohn's rho for each species

Examples

```
data(BS2017SS)
ss_run <- fit_mod(data_list = BS2017SS,
  inits = NULL, file = NULL,
  estimateMode = 0, random_rec = FALSE,
  msmMode = 0, avgnMode = 0,
  phase = FALSE, verbose = 0)
retro <- retrospective(ss_run, peels = 10)
```

rich.colors.short *Make a vector of colors.*

Description

A subset of rich.colors by Arni Magnusson from the gplots package, with the addition of alpha transparency (which is now available in the gplots version as well)

Usage

```
rich.colors.short(n, alpha = 1)
```

Arguments

n Number of colors to generate.
alpha Alpha transparency value for all colors in vector. Value is passed to rgb function.

Author(s)

Arni Magnusson, Ian Taylor

run_mse *Run a management strategy evaluation*

Description

Runs a forward projecting MSE. Main assumptions are the projected selectivity/catchability, foraging days, and weight-at-age are the same as the terminal year of the hindcast in the operating model. Assumes survey sd is same as average across historic time series, while comp data sample size is same as last year. No implementation error and no observation error for catch!

Usage

```
run_mse(
  om,
  em,
  nsim = 10,
  start_sim = 1,
  assessment_period = 1,
  sampling_period = 1,
  simulate_data = TRUE,
  regenerate_past = FALSE,
  sample_rec = TRUE,
  rec_trend = 0,
  fut_sample = 1,
  cap = NULL,
  catch_mult = NULL,
  seed = 666,
  regenerate_seed = seed,
  loopnum = 1,
  file = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  timeout = 999,
  endyr = NA,
  cores = NULL
)
```

Arguments

om	CEATTLE model object exported from Rceattle
em	CEATTLE model object exported from Rceattle
nsim	Number of simulations to run (default 10)
start_sim	First simulation number to start at. Useful if the code stops at specific seed/sim (default = 1).
assessment_period	Period of years that each assessment is taken
sampling_period	Period of years data sampling is conducted. Single value or vector the same length as the number of fleets.
simulate_data	Include simulated random error proportional to that estimated/provided for the data from the OM.
regenerate_past	Refits the EM to historical/conditioning data prior to the MSE, where the data are generated from the OM with simulate_data = TRUE or without simulate_data = FALSE sampling error.
sample_rec	Include resampled recruitment deviates from the "hindcast" in the projection of the OM. Resampled deviates are used rather than sampling from $N(0, \sigma_R)$ because initial deviates bias R_0 low. If false, uses mean of recruitment deviates.

rec_trend	Linear increase or decrease in mean recruitment from endyr to projyr. This is the terminal multiplier mean $\text{rec} * (1 + (\text{rec_trend}/\text{projection years}) * 1:\text{projection years})$. Can be of length 1 or of length nspp. If length 1, all species get the same trend.
fut_sample	future sampling effort relative to last year. $\text{Log_sd} * 1 / \text{fut_sample}$ for index and $\text{Sample_size} * \text{fut_sample}$ for comps
cap	A cap on the catch in the projection. Can be a single number applied to all species (proportional to recommended catch) or vector of length nspp applied to each species. Default = NULL
catch_mult	A multiplier for the catch in the projection. Can be a single number or vector of length nspp. Default = NULL
seed	seed for the simulation
regenerate_seed	seed for regenerating data
loopnum	number of times to re-start optimization (where loopnum=3 sometimes achieves a lower final gradient than loopnum=1)
file	(Optional) Filename where each OM simulation with EMs will be saved. If NULL, no files are saved.
dir	(Optional) Directory where each OM simulation is saved
timeout	length of time (minutes) estimation will run before stopping a sim (default 999 minutes)
endyr	Terminal year of the MSE projection. Default = NA uses projyr from the operating model.
cores	Number of cores to use for parallel simulations. Default NULL picks <code>parallel::detectCores()</code> - 6, capped at 2 when running under R CMD check (which sets <code>_R_CHECK_LIMIT_CORES_</code>). Set to 1 to force sequential execution.

Value

A list of operating models (differ by simulated recruitment determined by nsim) and estimation models fit to each operating model (differ by terminal year).

sample_rec

Sample historical recruitment deviates and place in the projection

Description

Sample historical recruitment deviates and place in the projection

Usage

```
sample_rec(Rceattle, sample_rec = TRUE, update_model = TRUE, rec_trend = 0)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	CEATTLE model object exported from Rceattle
sample_rec	Include resampled recruitment deviates from the "hindcast" in the projection of the OM. Resampled deviates are used rather than sampling from $N(0, \sigma_R)$ because initial deviates bias R_0 low. If false, uses mean of recruitment deviates.
update_model	Update model dynamics. Default = TRUE
rec_trend	Linear increase or decrease in mean recruitment from endyr to projyr. This is the terminal multiplier $\text{mean rec} * (1 + (\text{rec_trend}/\text{projection years}) * 1:\text{projection years})$. Can be of length 1 or of length nspp. If length 1, all species get the same trend.

Value

Rceattle model

self_test	<i>Self test simulation analysis analysis</i>
-----------	---

Description

Simulates data from an Rceattle model and refits the model to the simulated data. TODO add process variation (i.e. random devs) to simulation.

Usage

```
self_test(
  Rceattle = NULL,
  nsim = 50,
  simulate = TRUE,
  seed = 123,
  cores = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	an Rceattle model fit using fit_mod
nsim	number of simulations
simulate	passed to sim_mod . If TRUE (default), data are simulated with observation error; if FALSE, expected values from the model are used.
seed	random number seed. Each simulation i uses $\text{seed} + i$ so results are reproducible under both sequential and parallel execution.
cores	Number of cores to use for parallel simulations. Default NULL picks <code>parallel::detectCores()</code> - 6, capped at 2 when running under R CMD check (which sets <code>_R_CHECK_LIMIT_CORES_</code>). Set to 1 to force sequential execution.

Value

a list of Rceattle models

Examples

```
data(BS2017SS)
ss_run <- fit_mod(data_list = BS2017SS,
  inits = NULL, file = NULL,
  estimateMode = 0, random_rec = FALSE,
  msmMode = 0, avgnMode = 0,
  phase = FALSE, verbose = 0)
sims <- self_test(ss_run, nsim = 10)
```

set_phases	<i>Function to set phasing order</i>
------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Function to set phasing order

Usage

```
set_phases()
```

Value

list of parameter names with associated phase

sim_mod	<i>Simulate Rceattle data</i>
---------	-------------------------------

Description

Simulates data used in Rceattle from the expected values estimated from an existing Rceattle model. The variances and uncertainty are consistent with those used in the operating model. The function simulates: survey biomass (log-normal), catch-at-age/length composition (multinomial or dirichlet-multinomial), conditional-age-at-length (CAAL; multinomial or dirichlet-multinomial), and total catch (log-normal).

Usage

```
sim_mod(Rceattle, simulate = FALSE)
```

Arguments

Rceattle	A CEATTLE model object exported from Rceattle.
simulate	Logical. If TRUE, simulates data from distributions. If FALSE, returns the expected values (hats).

Value

A data_list object containing the simulated or expected data values, formatted for use in Rceattle.

summary.Rceattle	<i>Compact summary method for Rceattle fits</i>
------------------	---

Description

Compact summary method for Rceattle fits

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
...	Currently unused.

switch_check	<i>Function to check for missing switches for map and parameter functions</i>
--------------	---

Description

Function to check for missing switches for map and parameter functions

Usage

```
switch_check(data_list)
```

Arguments

data_list	Rceattle data list
-----------	--------------------

t_col	#https://www.dataanalytics.org.uk/make-transparent-colors-in-r/
-------	--

Description

[#https://www.dataanalytics.org.uk/make-transparent-colors-in-r/](https://www.dataanalytics.org.uk/make-transparent-colors-in-r/)

Usage

```
t_col(color, percent = 50, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

color	color name
percent	% transparency
name	an optional name for the color

TMBAIC	<i>Calculate marginal AIC for a fitted model</i>
--------	--

Description

TMBAIC calculates AIC for a given model fit

Usage

```
TMBAIC(opt, p = 2, n = Inf)
```

Arguments

opt	the output from nlminb or optim
p	the penalty on additional fixed effects (default=2, for AIC)
n	the sample size, for use in AICc calculation (default=Inf, for which AICc=AIC)

Value

AIC, where a parsimonious model has a AIC relative to other candidate models

TMBphase

Run TMB using phases

Description

This function runs TMB with ADMB-like phasing of parameter estimation. Function with normal inputs, passed via "...", plus two additional arguments, "phase" Optimizer by default is nlminb phase is a tagged list where missing elements are populated with a vector of 1s, and non-missing elements are integers, and where the optimizer loops through values of phase while progressively changing map to turn on parameters

Usage

```
TMBphase(
  data,
  parameters,
  map,
  random,
  phases,
  model_name,
  silent,
  use_gradient = TRUE,
  control = list(eval.max = 1e+09, iter.max = 1e+09, trace = 0)
)
```

Arguments

data	A list to be passed to TMB
parameters	A list of parameters of the model
map	a list of map object from the model
random	A character vector of names of parameters that are random effects
phases	A list of the phases for the parameters of the model (same structure as your parameter list)
model_name	A string describing the model name. Must be the name of your .cpp file
silent	logical. If TRUE, suppresses output from TMB (default = TRUE).
use_gradient	logical. If TRUE, uses gradient in optimization (default = TRUE).
control	A list of control parameters. For details see ?nlminb

Value

A list of parameter estimates and their standard errors

Author(s)

Gavin Fay https://github.com/kaskr/TMB_contrib_R/blob/master/TMBphase/R/TMBphase.R

vcov.Rceattle	<i>Variance-covariance matrix for an Rceattle fit</i>
---------------	---

Description

Returns the fixed-effect covariance matrix produced by `TMB::sdreport()`. Random-effect covariance is not returned here — use `object$sdrep` for the full report.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Rceattle'
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "Rceattle" returned by <code>fit_mod()</code> .
...	Currently unused.

Value

A numeric matrix, or NULL if `sdreport` was not run (i.e. the fit was produced with `getsd = FALSE`).

whamGrowthData	<i>Data inputs for CEATTLE model with WHAM-estimated growth</i>
----------------	---

Description

A data list containing inputs for a CEATTLE model that uses growth estimated from the Woods Hole Assessment Model (WHAM). See [BS2017SS](#) for format details.

Usage

```
whamGrowthData
```

Format

A list with the same structure as [BS2017SS](#).

`write_data`*Write data file*

Description

Write data file

Usage

```
write_data(data_list, file = "Rceattle_data.xlsx")
```

Arguments

<code>data_list</code>	Rceattle data_list object
<code>file</code>	Filename to be used. Must end with '.xlsx'

Examples

```
library(Rceattle)
data(BS2017SS)
out_file <- file.path(tempdir(), "BS2017SS.xlsx")
write_data(data_list = BS2017SS, file = out_file)
file.remove(out_file)
```

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